## Rational Numbers and Square Roots

Calculators may not be used on quizzes or the unit test for the first unit.

## This booklet belongs to:

| LESSON \# | DATE | QUESTIONS FROM NOTES | Questions that I find difficult |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. |  | Pg. |  |
| 2. |  | Pg. |  |
| 3. |  | Pg. |  |
| 4. |  | Pg. |  |
| 5. |  | Pg. |  |
| 6. |  | Pg. |  |
| 7. |  | Pg. |  |
| 8. |  | Pg. |  |
| 9. |  | Pg. |  |
| 10. |  | Pg. |  |
| 11. |  | Pg. |  |
| 12. |  | Pg. |  |
| 13. |  | REVIEW |  |
| 14. (3) (2)Find d | omewor | at www.mathbeacon.ca/g | oks/\#math9 <br> (2)(25) |

Your teacher has important instructions for you to write down below.

Numeracy, Including Rational numbers and Square roots

| Objective | No | Daily Topic | Key Idea |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1. | 1.88: Numbers Sspem, Wiice numbers |  |
|  | 2. | 9,14: Inegesth $\rightarrow 4$ ¢peratioss | Evaluate. $-5-1+(-2)-5=$ Evalatae. $-(-1)(-1)(-1)(-1)=$ Evalate. $-70 \div 5=$ |
|  | 3. |  | Evaluate. $5-3(4-3 \times 2)^{2}=$ |
| N3 demonstrate anunderstanding of rationalnumbers by-comparing and orderingrational numbers-solving problems thatinvolve arithmeticoperations on rationalnumbers | 4. | 19-22: Decimals $\rightarrow \rightarrow 4$ operations Solve a given problem involving operations on rational numbers in fraction form and decimal form |  |
|  | 5. |  |  |
|  | 6. | 27-30: Comparing and Ordering Rational Numbers. Order a given set of rational numbers, in fraction and decimal form, by <br> - placing them on a number line (e.g., $-0.666 \ldots, 0.5,-5 / 8$ ) - Identify a rational number that is between two given rational numbers |  |
|  | 7. | 31-34:Adding Subtracting Fractions - $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Solve a given problem involving operations on rational numbers in } \\ & \text { fraction form and decimal form }\end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 8. | 35-39: Multiplying Fractions - $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Solve a given problem involving operations on rational numbers in } \\ & \text { fraction form and decimal form }\end{aligned}$ |  |
| N4 explain and apply the order of operations, including exponents, with <br> and without technology | 9. | 40-42: Bedmas with fractions <br> - $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Solve a given pr } \\ & \text { of technology }\end{aligned}$ <br> - Solve a given problem by applying the order of operations with the use of <br> - Identify the This will be covered in later chapters) <br> solution |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { N5 determine the square } \\ & \text { root of positive rational } \\ & \text { numbers that are perfect } \\ & \text { squares } \end{aligned}$ | 10. | 43-46: Rational Square root <br> Determine whether or not a given rational number is a square number and <br> explain the reasoning <br> Determine the square root of a given positive rational number that is <br> perfect square <br> Identify the error made in a given calculation of a square root (e.g., Is 3.2 <br> - $\quad$ Determine square root of 6.4? <br> Determine a pos rational number | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \text { Enalate } \\ \sqrt{\frac{25}{36}} \end{array}$ |
| N6 determine an approximate square root of positive rational numbers <br> positive rational numbers that are non-perfect squa | 11. | 47-49: Irrational Square roots <br> - Estimate the square root of a given rational number that square, using the roots of perfect squares as benchmarks <br> - Determine an approximate square root of a given rational number that is <br> not a perfect square using technology (e.g., calculator, computer) (later) calculator may be an approximation (later) | ${ }_{\text {Appoximat }} \sqrt{40}, \mathrm{~V}^{0.34}$ |
|  | 12. | 50: Chapter Review and Practice Test <br> - Help students develop sound study habits. Many students will graduate high school saying they do not know how to |  |
|  | 13.1 |  |  |

Definitions

|  | Definition | Example(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real numbers | These are all the numbers that can be placed on a number line. |  |
| Natural numbers | The counting numbers. 1,2,3,4...but not zero. |  |
| Whole numbers | The counting numbers and zero. |  |
| Integers | Positive and negative whole numbers and zero. |  |
| Rational numbers | Are numbers made up of fractions, integers and decimals whose decimal stops or repeats. A number that can be written as a ratio of two integers. (The denominator cannot be zero.) |  |
| Irrational numbers | A number whose decimal does not stop or repeat. A number than cannot be written as ratio of two integers. |  |
| Evaluate | Find the answer. |  |
| Sum | The answer to an addition question. |  |
| Difference | The answer to a subtraction question. |  |
| Product | The answer to a multiplication question. |  |
| Quotient | The answer to a division question. |  |
| BEDMAS | The order in which operations in math are completed. |  |
| Reduce | Divide out common factors. |  |
| Common denominator | Two fraction have common denominators if their denominators are the same. |  |
| Reciprocal | Two numbers are reciprocals of each other if one fraction is the flip of the other. |  |
| Opposite numbers | Two numbers are opposites if they are the same distance from zero. i.e. 7 and -7. |  |
| Decimal | A decimal is a part of a whole. |  |
| Improper fraction | A fraction where the numerator is bigger than the denominator. |  |
| Mixed number | A combination of a whole number and a proper fraction. |  |

## Numbers Systems, Write numbers

(It may be helpful to complete pages $4 \& 5$ later in the chapter.)

|  |  | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Real numbers |  | Example |
| 2. Rational numbers |  |  |
| 3. Integers |  |  |
| 4. Whole numbers |  |  |
| 5. Natural numbers |  |  |
| 6. Irrational numbers |  |  |

For each of the numbers below check all the boxes that describe the number:

|  | 8 | -100 | 4.31 | 2 | 0 | $\pi$ | -1.7 | $-5^{1}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| 7. Real numbers | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

13. True or False? A real number is always a whole number.
14. True or False? A natural number is always a rational number.
15. True or False? An integer is always a rational number.
16. True or False? A real number is always an integer. An
17. True or False? integer is always a natural number.
18. True or False? An irrational number is always a real number.
19. Place each number in the most efficient spot. Use each number only once.

- $-5, \quad \pi, \quad \frac{1}{2}$,
1.8, 12,
$0, \quad \sqrt{2}$,


Take a moment to review the place-value chart.

Place-value chart.

| $1$ | 2 | $3$ | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | . | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & \frac{3}{n} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \stackrel{1}{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \underline{I} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{n}{\stackrel{n}{\diamond}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ø } \\ & \text { ס } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{+}{\bar{o}} \\ & \hline \frac{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{U} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |

## Place Value Review

20. Many people use personal checks to pay for things instead of using cash. What are some advantages of using cheque over cash?
21. Write a cheque to Jason Loo for $\$ 37$ *.

22. *Each cheque requires that the dollar amount be written in both numeric and written form. Why might that be a good idea?

Challenge \#1: Find the errors and make the necessary corrections.

| 23.37 | Thirty seven |
| :--- | :--- |
| 24.405000 | Four hundred and five thousand |
| 25.6 .03 | Six point zero three |
| 26.56800 .012 | Fifty-six thousand eight-hundred and twelve hundredths |

Write each of the numbers in words.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 37 | Proper | Common mistakes |
| 405000 | Thirty-seven | Thirty seven (The hyphen is needed) |
| 6.03 | Four hundred five thousand | Four hundred and five thousand (The and is not needed) |
| 56800.012 | Fif and three hundredths | Six point zero three (Use the word and.) |

Mark each of the following right or wrong. If there is an error, correct it.

| 27. 436 | Four hundred and thirty-six |
| :--- | :--- |
| 28. 37002 | Thirty seven thousand two |
| 29. 500011 | Five hundred thousand eleven |
| 30. 610000005 | Six hundred ten million and five |
| 31. 2453 | Twenty-four hundred fifty-three |
| 32. 51.09 | Fifty-one and nine hundreds |
| 33. 271 | Two hundred and seventy one |
| 34. 17300 | Seven-teen thousand three hundred |

Write the following in words(spelling counts).

| 35. 900704 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 36. 80006001 |  |
| 37. 72000000000 |  |
| 38. 16.102 |  |
| 39. 0.059 |  |
| 40.1 .0022 |  |
| 41.500 .005 |  |

## Rounding Review

Give an example in the real world where it makes sense to round 2.8 to 3 .

Give an example in the real world where it is not appropriate to round 2.8 to 3.
42. Round 5.2498 to the nearest tenth.

Solution:
$\%$ The 2 is in the tenths place. Is the answer 5.2 or 5.3 ?
$\%$ If the number to the right of 2 is a five or more round up. Otherwise round down.
$\star *$ Another way to think about it is, 24 is closer to 20 than it is to 30 .
$\div *$ The answer is 5.2
43. Round 5.2498 to the nearest hundredth.
44. Round 5.2498 to the nearest thousandth.

Round each number to the designated place value.

| 45. Round 2.467 to the nearest tenth. | 46. Round 7.447 to the nearest tenth. | 47. Round 2.057 to the nearest tenth. | 48. Round 8.057 to the nearest hundredth. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 49. Round 2.297 to the nearest hundredth. | 50. Round 2.952 to the nearest tenth. | 51. Round 4.956 to the nearest hundredth. | 52. Round 2.84 to the nearest tenth. |
| 53. Round 8.427 to the nearest tenth. | 54. Round 0.457 to the nearest tenth. | 55. Round 3.049 to the nearest tenth. | 56. Round 0.957 to the nearest hundredth. |

## Integers and Operations Math 8 Review

List as many situations as you can where people like negative numbers.

List as many situations as you can where people do not like negative numbers.

The number line is a visual tool that can be used to demonstrate your understanding.
57. Evaluate $2+5$ using the number line. Start at positive two, use arrows and circle your answer.

58. Evaluate 2-5 using the number line.

59. Evaluate $2-(-5)$ using the number line.

60. Evaluate $2+(-5)$ using the number line

61. Evaluate - $2-5$ using the number line.


Observations:
62. $2+5$ is equivalent to which of the following:

- 2-5
- 2-(-5)
- $-2-5$
- $2+(+5)$

63. 2-5 is equivalent to which of the following:

- $2+5$
- $2+(-5)$
- $-2+5$
- $-5+2$

64. -2-5 is equivalent to which of the following:

- $-2+(-5)$
- $2+(-5)$
- -5-2
- $-5+2$


## Adding and Subtracting Integers

Subtraction moves left on the number line.

Example. 2-5 = -3 and $-2-5=-7$
Subtracting 5 moves 5 units left on the number line.
Subtracting a negative number has the same impact as adding.

Example $2-(-5)=7$ and $-2-(-5)=3$ and $-2+5=3$

- Adding moves right. Subtracting moves left. Subtracting a negative moves right.

Evaluate and check your answers. (These questions could be done verbally in class.)

| 65. $4+9=$ | 66. $-4+9=$ | 67. $4-9=$ | 68. $4+(-9)=$ | 69. $-4-9=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 70. $-12+9=$ | 71. $-8-17=$ | 72. $13-(-6)=$ | 73. $-8+(-1)=$ | 74. $-5-19=$ |
| 75. $13-15=$ | 76. $-4-15=$ | 77. $4-(-23)=$ | 78. $15+(-9)=$ | 79. $-7-(-9)=$ |

Use an integer to represent each of the following situations.
80. Vincent's bank account currently has a balance of negative four dollars. If he withdraws another nineteen dollars, what will his bank balance be?
81. Billy plays two rounds of golf. His score in the first round is minus five and his score on the second round is plus 3 . What will his final score be after two days?
82. Getbeeger wants to gain some weight. He starts eating well and working out and gains nine pounds over an 8 month time period. Unfortunately at the start of the ninth month he got the flu and lost 7 pounds. Use an integer to describe his total weight gain.
83.Sandeesa bought six one-dollar raffle tickets and won five dollars. Use an integer to represent her total winnings.
84.In a town called "Wehtucold", the average temperature during the day is negative 41 degrees Celsius. At night, the temperature drops another 12 degrees. What is the temperature at night?

## What does evaluate mean?

$\qquad$
Evaluate.

| 85. $3-5+(-4)=$ | 86. $8-3-(-7)=$ | 87. $-4+(-1)-4=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 88. $11-2-(-9)=$ | 89. $13-4+(-8)=$ | 90. $-9+(-2)-8=$ |
| 91. $7-2+(-5)-(-1)=$ | 92. $2-8-4-(-6)=$ | 93. $-5-1+(-2)-5=$ |

Mark the following right or wrong. If it is incorrect make the appropriate corrections
94. $\begin{aligned} & 6-2+-4+(-5)-(-2) \\ & 4+9+2\end{aligned}$
$=15$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 95. } 12-(-8)-4+(-5) & \text { 96. }-15-3-2+(-3)-4= \\ =12+8-4-5 & =-18-1-4 \\ =12+4-5 & =-19-4 \\ =16-5 & =-23 \\ =11 & \end{array}$

Explain the rules of how to add and subtract integers.
(People who take the time to explain things tend to have a deeper understanding than those that do not.)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Fill in the multiplication table.

|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

97. The numbers in the bolded boxes are called perfect square numbers. Why might this be?

Evaluate.
98. $2 \times 5=$
99. $-2 \times 5=$
100. $2 \times(-5)=$
101. $-2 \times(-5)=$
102. $2(-7)=$

What are the rules for multiplying integers?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Multiolvina and Dividina Inteaers Review

| A positive times a posifive is <br> a positive. | A negative fimes a positive is <br> a negative. | A negative times a negative <br> is a positive. | A posifive times a negative is <br> a negative. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(+) \times(+)=+$ | $(-) \times(+)=-$ | $(-) \times(-)=+$ | $(+) \times(-)=-$ |

Evaluate. (These questions could be done verbally in class.)

| 103. $4 \times 6=$ | 104. $-8(3)=$ | 105. $(-11)(-5)=$ | 106. $-2 \times 23=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 107. $-55 \div 5=$ | 108. $-5 \div(5)=$ | 109. $(44) \div(-4)=$ | 110. $-20 \div 4=$ |
| 111. $-9 \times-5=$ | 112. $-5(5)=$ | 113. $(9)(-4)=$ | 114. $-20 \times 3=$ |

Evaluate.

| 115. (1)(1) $=$ | 116. (1)(-1) = | 117. $(-1)(-1)=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 118. $(-1)(-1)(-1)=$ | 119. $(-1)(-1)(-1)(-1)=$ | 120. $-(-1)(-1)(-1)(-1)=$ |

## Answer the following with a yes or a no.

121. If two negative numbers are multiplied together will their product be positive?
122. If three negative numbers are multiplied together will their product be positive?
123.If four negative numbers are multiplied together will their product be positive?
124.If an even number of negative numbers are multiplied together will their product be positive?
125.If an odd number of negative numbers are multiplied, together will their product be positive?

Which of the following are true or false? If a statement is false, provide an example to prove your point.

| 126. (T/F) The product of positive numbers is always positive. | 127. (T/F) The sum of positive numbers is always positive. | 128. (T/F) The quotient of a negative number and a positive number is always negative. | 129. (T/F) The sum of a negative number and a positive number is always positive. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 130. (T/F) The sum of two negative numbers is always positive. | 131. (T/F) The product of negative numbers is always positive. | 132. (T/F) Subtracting a negative number from a negative number is always negative. | 133. (T/F) Adding a large positive number to a negative number is always positive. |

Determine whether each product is positive or negative. Do not evaluate.

| 134. $(-31)(-14)(-91)=$ | 135. $(-12)(-51)(-19)(-1)=$ | $136 .-(-101)(-1)(-1)(-199)=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Negative |  |  |
| $137 .(-11)(-2)(-12)(2)(-31)=$ | 138. $(-1)(11)(-1)(51)(-1)(-2)=$ | $139 .(-5)(-92)(-1)(-19)(-2)=$ |
|  |  |  |

Find the product.

| 140. $2 \times 3 \times 1=$ | 141. $-2 \times 5 \times(-1)=$ | 142. $-4 \times(-3) \times(-1)=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 143. $-1 \times(-2) \times 3 \times(-1)=$ | $144.1 \times(-2) \times 5 \times(-1)=$ | 145. $-1 \times(-1) \times(-1) \times(-4)=$ |
| 146. $(-1)(-2)(-1)(2)(-1)(-2)=$ | 147. $(-1)(1)(-1)(5)(-1)(-2)=$ | 148. $(-5)(-2)(-1)(-1)(-2)=$ |

## Order of Operations Introduction

How would your school be different if there were no rules? Give 3 examples.

If there were no rules in math, list as many possible answers as you can to the following question: (Be creative!)

$$
23+2 \times 4
$$

149. What does BEDMAS Stand for?
150. Challenge \#2:

Evaluate. $5-3(4-3 \times 2)^{2}=$
151. Challenge \#3:

Evaluate. $3+5\left((5-3) \times 3^{2}\right)$

## Order of Operations Review

152. BEDMAS and some nicknames.

| The entire world has agreed to complete math problems in the following order: |  |  | Using the letters $B, E, D, M, A, S$, come up with 3 other words that would also be true. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Most famous <br> B <br> E <br> D <br> M <br> A <br> S | Alternate 1 | Alternate 2 | Alternate 3 |
| Step 1 | B | Brackets. |  |  |  |  |
| Step 2 | $E$ | Exponents. |  |  |  |  |
| Step 3 | $D$ or M | Division or Multiplication. Do whatever operation comes first working left to right. |  |  |  |  |
| Step 4 | A or S | Addition or Subtraction. Do whatever operation comes first working left to right. |  |  |  |  |

## Possible solution strategy:

| 153. Evaluate. $5-3(4-3 \times 2)$ | 154. Evaluate. $3+5\left((5-3) \times 3^{2}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Brackets first. Multiply before subtracting. | Complete the brackets inside the brackets first. $3+5 \Upsilon_{\leq}^{\Upsilon}(2) \times 3^{2 /}$ |
| $5-3(4-6)^{2}$ | Exponents. |
| Subtract inside the brackets only. | $3+5 \Upsilon_{\leq}(2) \times 9_{f}$ |
| $5-3(-2)^{2}$ | Multiply inside the brackets. |
| Exponents. | $3+5(18)$ |
| $5-3 \times 4$ | Multiply |
| Multiply. | $3+90$ |
| 5-12 | Add. |
| Subtract. | 93 |
| -7 |  |

## Evaluate.

| 155. $20-3 \times 2=$ | 156. $20-(5+2)=$ | 157. $20+2(20-15)=$ | 158. $20 \times 2 \div 5=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 159. $(20-3) \times 2=$ | 160. $20-(5-2)=$ | 161. $20+2(2-3 \times 2)=$ | $162.20 \times(4 \div 2)=$ |

Evaluate.


Just to make sure (2) $7 \times 5^{2}$ means $(5 \times 5)$ and equals $25.5^{2}$ does not equal ( $5 \times 2$ ).
171. Challenge \#4: Evaluate each of the following:

$$
3^{2}=\quad-3^{2}=\quad-1 \times 3^{2}=\quad(-3)^{2}=
$$

Which question above are people most likely to make a silly mistake on?

Evaluate.

| 172. $(5-2)^{2}=$ | 173. $(-5+2)^{2}=$ | 174. $(5-6)^{3}=$ | 175. $(85-86)^{4}=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 176. $(235-236)^{6}=$ | 177. $(185-186)^{40}=$ | 178. $(995-996)^{301}=$ | 179. $(1085-1086)^{40056}=$ |
| 180. $5-(5-2)^{2}=$ | 181. $7+(-5+2)^{2}=$ | 182. $2(5-6)^{3}=$ | 183. $-3(85-86)^{4}=$ |
| 184. $(5-2)^{2} \div(-3)=$ | 185. $-2(-5+2)^{2}+1=$ | 186. $5-2(15-16)^{3}=$ | 187. $12-10(85-86)^{4}=$ |


| Evaluate. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 188. $(2)^{2}+(3)^{2}=$ | 189. $(-2)^{2}+(2)^{2}=$ | 190. $(2)^{2}-(-3)^{2}=$ | 191. $-(-2)^{2}+(-2)^{3}=$ |
| 192.-(2) ${ }^{2}+(-3)^{2}=$ | 193. $(-2)^{2}+(3)^{2}=$ | 194. $(3)^{2}-(-2)^{2}=$ | 195. $(-2)^{2}-(2)^{2}=$ |

Evaluate.

| $196.3 \times 2-5(4-3 \times 2)^{3}+1$ | $197.2-2(-4-3 \times 2)^{2}(2)$ | $198.8 \div(2-4)(9-5 \times 2)^{3}+1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Rational Numbers: Decimals and the Four Operations

202. Challenge \#5: Estimate and then evaluate. Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left. $82.34-6.89=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
203. Challenge \#6: Estimate and then evaluate.

Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left. $72.84+6.59=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
204. Challenge \#7: Estimate and then evaluate.

Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.

$$
2.34 \times 6.8=
$$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Decimals and Operations Math 8 Review

## Estimate and then evaluate.



## Evaluate.

214. Vanteegwa just bought a pair of jeans for $\$ 62.84$, a Polo shirt for $\$ 46.57$ and 2 pairs of socks for $\$ 12.57$. How much will this cost him?
215. Vinton just received three interest cheques from his investments. The cheques total \$62.84, \$46.29 and \$35.07. Determine the sum of his investment interest.
216. Cathy's first three bank transactions were as follows: Deposit:\$62.84
Debit: \$12.98
Deposit: \$84.05
Determine her new balance.

Estimate and then determine the product.

| 217. | $218.62 .8 \times 46.2=$ | 219. $72.9 \times 66.12=$ | $220.112 .04 \times 50.19=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 221. $15.3 \times 6.8=$ | 222. $-22.7 \times 4.2=$ | 223. $-32.9(-26.2)=$ | $224.112 \times(-0.29)=$ |

Estimate and then evaluate each quotient. Round your answer to 1 decimal place.


Do not evaluate. Will the answer be positive or negative?
229. Will the answer to $-4.32-(-2.95)$ be positive or negative. Explain your thinking.
230. Will the answer to $-2+(-4.2) \times(-2.9)$ be positive or negative. Explain your thinking.

Estimate and then evaluate each quotient. Round your answer to 1 decimal place.


Given $x=-3.56, y=8.86, z=-2.23$, Use the values of $x, y$ and $z$ to estimate the following:

| MATCH | A. <br> B. <br> C. <br> D. <br> E. <br> F. <br> G. | Close to -30. <br> Close to -20 <br> Close to -16 <br> A little more than negative 13. <br> A little more than negative half. <br> A little more than 5 . <br> A little less than positive 8. | MATCH $\begin{aligned} & \text { 243. } \quad x \div z \\ & \text { 244. } \quad x \quad z+x \\ & \text { 245. } \_\quad x \times z \\ & \text { 246. } \quad \_z \div y \\ & \text { 247. } \quad Z \quad y-z \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} . \\ & \mathrm{I} . \\ & \mathrm{J} . \\ & \mathrm{K} . \\ & \mathrm{L} . \\ & \mathrm{M} . \\ & \mathrm{N} . \end{aligned}$ | In between -5 and -6 . In between -6 and -7 In between 0 and 1 In between 1 and 2 . In between 7 and 8. In between 8 and 10 In between 10 and 12 . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Equivalent Fractions, Mixed Numbers and Improper Fractions

## Equivalent Fractions



Draw a picture to explain equivalent fractions.

| 251. Draw a picture to show that | 252. Draw a picture to show that | 253. Draw a picture to show that |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{1}{3}$ is equivalent to $\frac{2}{6}$. | $\frac{3}{5}$ is equivalent to $\frac{6}{10}$. | $\frac{2}{3}$ is equivalent to $\frac{6}{9}$. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Write each fraction in lowest terms.


265. What is a mixed number?
266. What is an improper fraction?
 number.
improper fraction.

Write each improper fraction as a mixed number.


Write each mixed number as an improper fraction.

| $\text { 277. }-3^{2}$ | $\frac{\text { umber as al }}{278 .-1}=$ | $\frac{\operatorname{traction}}{279.4_{3}}=$ | $\begin{array}{c:c} 280 .-2^{5} \\ 6 & 281.2^{2}= \\ 7 \end{array}=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Solution: <br> 5 times 3 plus 2 is 17 . |  |  |  |
| $-3_{5}^{2}=-\frac{17}{5}$ | $282.1^{1}=$ | $\text { 283. }-4^{2}=$ | 284. Which number is smaller? $1 \frac{2}{3} \text { or } \frac{4}{3}$ |

## Converting between fractions and decimals

285. Challenge \#17: Convert each of the fractions to decimals

| 19 | 7 | 1 | 7 | 3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 | 10 | 5 | 20 | 25 |  |

286. Challenge \#18: Convert $\frac{1}{\overline{8}}$ to a decimal. Round to 3 decimals.

Write each fraction as a decimal. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth.

| $287 . \frac{3}{5}=$ | $288 . \frac{7}{6}=$ | $289 . \frac{7}{8}=$ | 290. $\frac{9}{5}=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Solution: |  |  |  |
| Divide 5 into 3. |  |  |  |
| $5 \longdiv { 3 } \rightarrow 7 \longdiv { 3 . 0 0 0 0 }$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Write each fraction as a decimal. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth.

Write each fraction as a decimal. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth.

| $\text { 295. } \frac{11}{4}=$ | 296. $\frac{7}{9}=$ | 297. $\frac{8}{10}=$ | 298. $\frac{4}{5}=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\text { 299. } \frac{3}{5}=$ | $\text { 300. } \frac{6}{25}=$ | 301. $\frac{7}{50}=$ | $\text { 302. } \frac{12}{20}=$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

303. Look at the answers to 291 and 296. What do you notice?
304. What do you think the decimal equivalent of ${ }_{9}^{1}$ would be? What about ${ }_{99}^{12}$ ?

Write each decimal as a quotient of two integers in lowest terms.


Explain what patterns you saw and how you can do these problems in your head! (Students who take the time to explain what they are doing are more successful in higher grades.)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Ordering and Comparing Rational Numbers

325. Challenge \#19: Please help Vincent. He just dropped all his drill bits on the floor. Drill bit cases arrange the bits in order from smallest to biggest. Match the letters to the drill bit sizes

|  | $S$ | 0 | $A$ | $T$ | $N$ | $S$ | $H$ | $O$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  |  | 0.5 |  | $I$ |  |  |  |

$\frac{3}{8}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{8}, \frac{11}{16}, \frac{32}{32}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{13}{16}$
$\qquad$
326. Challenge \#20: Arrange the following numbers from smallest to biggest.

Write down the steps to complete the challenge to the left.
$\qquad$
$-0.24,-\frac{1}{4},-\frac{25}{99}, 0.1$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Write down the steps to complete the challenge to the left.
327.Challenge \#21: Find three rational numbers between $-\frac{4}{6}$ and -0.25.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

| $328 .-4{ }_{2}^{1}$ or -4.8 | $329 .-9.3$ or 8.9 | $330 .-19$ or -18.2 | $331 . \frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{3}{9}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Which rational number is smaller? Circle your answer.

| $332 .-4{ }_{2}^{1}$ or -4.8 | $333 .-9.3$ or 8.9 | $334 .-19$ or -18.2 | $335 . \frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{3}{9}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Which rational number in each pair is bigger? Circle your answer.

| $336 .-8$ | $337.5 . \overline{3}$ or 5.333 | $338 .-2{ }^{3}$ | 20 or -0.33 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 or -0.33 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Arrange the following numbers from smallest to biggest.

343. Match the letters with the best number below.


Opposite Numbers: Numbers that are opposite are the same distance from zero.

| 344. True or false. | 345. What is the | 346. What is the | 347. What is the |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Numbers are opposites <br> if they are the same <br> distance from zero. | opposite of 8 ? | opposite of $\frac{7}{11}$ ? | opposite of -2.7 ? |
|  |  |  |  |

True or False: If the statement is false, provide an example to support your answer.
348. True or false. If two opposite numbers are multiplied by the same positive number, their products will also be opposites.
349. True or false. If two opposite numbers are both increased by the same positive value, their sums will be opposites.
350. True or false. If $A$ is bigger than $B$, then the opposite of $A$ will be bigger than the opposite of $B$.
351. If $A>B$ then which of the following is true:

- $\quad-A>-B$
- $\quad-A=-B$
- $\quad-A<-B$

List three rational numbers between each pair.


Finding the right drill bit.
355. Jono needs to find the right drill bit. He knows that the quarter inch drill bit is too small and the five-sixteenths drill bit is too big. Help him find the right drill bit.

$$
\frac{1}{4}<\frac{}{32}<\frac{5}{16}
$$

356. Wire comes in different diameters and as the thickness increases so does the cost. Fanlan thinks one eighths wire is too thin and the quarter inch wire is too expensive. Help him find a wire that is in between these diameters.
$\frac{1}{8}<\frac{\text { help }}{16}<\frac{1}{4}$
357. Vladdy needs to find the right drill bit. He knows that the five-sixteenths drill bit is too small and the three eights drill bit is too big. Help him find the right drill bit.
$\frac{5}{16}<\frac{\text { help }}{32}<\frac{3}{8}$

## Operations and Fractions Math 8 Review

Use the pictures below to help explain how to add and subtract fractions.

358. $\frac{1}{6}+\frac{4}{6}=$

360.

2

$\frac{2}{3}$


1 2

What must you make sure you have before adding or subtracting fractions?

## 361. Challenge \#22: Estimate and then

 evaluate. ${ }^{1}+{ }^{3}=$55
Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.
362. Challenge \#23: Estimate and then evaluate. ${ }_{2}^{1}+\frac{3}{5}=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.
363. Challenge \#24: Estimate and then evaluate. $2_{2}^{2^{1}+1_{5}^{3}}=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Summary of Fraction Rules

|  | Addition | Subtraction | Multiplication | Division |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $3 \frac{1}{2}+\frac{6}{7}$ | $3 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{6}{7}$ | $3 \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{6}{7}$ | $3 \frac{1}{2} \div \frac{6}{7}$ |
| Step 1 | Convert mixed number to improper fractions. |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{7}{2}+\frac{6}{7}$ | $\frac{7}{2}-\frac{6}{7}$ | $\frac{7}{2} \times \frac{6}{7}$ | $\frac{7}{2} \div \frac{6}{7}$ |
| Step 2 | Create equivalent fractions with common denominators. |  | Numerator times numerator and denominator times denominator. | Multiply the first fraction by the reciprocal of the second fraction. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \frac{7 \times 7}{2 \times 7}+\frac{6 \times 2}{7 \times 2} \\ =\frac{49}{14}+\frac{12}{14} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{7 \times 7}{2 \times 7}-\frac{6 \times 2}{7 \times 2} \\ =\frac{49}{14}-\frac{12}{14} \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{7 \times 6}{2 \times 7}$ | $\frac{7}{2} \times \frac{7}{6}$ |
| Step 3 | Add numerators. | Subtract numerators. | Reduce numerator and denominator. | Reduce numerator and denominator. |
|  | $\frac{61}{14}$ | $\frac{37}{14}$ | $\frac{Z \times 6}{2 \times Z}=\frac{6}{2}=3$ | $\frac{49}{12}$ |

Evaluate and leave your answer in lowest terms.

| $\text { 364. } \frac{1}{5}+\frac{3}{5}=$ | 365. $\frac{1}{5}-\frac{3}{5}=$ | 366. $\frac{-4}{5}=\frac{-3}{5}$ | 367. $-\frac{2}{5}-\frac{-3}{5}=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Solution: <br> Since there is already a common denominator: |  |  |  |
| $\frac{1}{5}+\frac{3}{5}=\frac{4}{5}$ |  |  |  |
| $\text { 368. } \frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{5}=$ | 369. $\frac{1}{5}-\frac{3}{4}=$ | 370. $-\frac{4}{3}+\frac{3}{4}=$ | 371. $-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{-3}{5}=$ |
| Solution: <br> Create a common denominator. |  |  |  |
| $=\frac{1 \times 5}{2 \times 5}+\frac{3 \times 2}{5 \times 2}$ |  |  |  |
| $=\frac{5}{10}+\frac{6}{10}=\frac{11}{10}$ |  |  |  |

372. Which of the following are true? How do you know? Prove it(*)
a) $-\frac{8}{2}=\frac{-8}{2}$,
b) $-\frac{8}{2}=\frac{8}{-2}$,
c) $-\frac{8}{2}=\frac{-8}{-2}$,
d) $\frac{-8}{2}=\frac{8}{-2}$
373. Which of the following are equivalent?
a) $\frac{2}{-9}+\frac{1}{9}$,
b) $\frac{-2}{9}+\frac{1}{-9}$,
c) $\frac{-2}{9}-\frac{1}{-9}$,
d) $\frac{-2}{9}+\frac{-1}{-9}$,
e) $\frac{-2}{9}-\frac{1}{9}$
374. Does moving the negative sign from the denominator to the numerator change the value of the fraction?

| 375. Consider the possible <br> strategies to the right for evaluating $\stackrel{1}{+}_{+}^{-1}$. Which 36 strategy do you like the best? | "Wonda's strategy" | "Bethula's Strategy" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{6}$ | "Bethula's Strategy" $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{6}$ |
|  | $\rightarrow \rightarrow^{2-1}$ | $\rightarrow \rightarrow^{6} \overline{+}^{3}$ |
|  | $\rightarrow \rightarrow \underline{3}=\frac{1}{1}$ | $\rightarrow \rightarrow \frac{9}{=}=1$ |

Modify the pictures to explain how to add and subtract fractions.

379. What must you make sure you have before adding or subtracting fractions?

## Keep it simple!

Always move the negative signs to the numerator.

$$
\frac{2}{-5}+\frac{1}{5} \rightarrow \frac{-2}{5}+\frac{1}{5}, \quad \text { or }-\frac{2}{5}+\frac{1}{5} \rightarrow \frac{-2}{5}+\frac{1}{5}
$$

Evaluate.

| 380. $\frac{-4}{5}=\frac{3}{-2}$ | 381. $\frac{9}{2}-(-0.6)=$ | $382.3-\frac{3}{4}=$ | $383 .-5+\frac{3}{4}=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

388. Jayda is sitting in her tree fort $2_{5}^{1}$ meters above the ground. Bilinter is sitting in his tree fort $3_{3}^{1} \mathrm{~m}$ above the ground. How much higher in the air is Bilinter?
389. Sasha has 24 feet of baseboard material. He has measured his bedroom and needs the following lengths to finish the room: $5 \frac{1}{2}$ feet, $11 \frac{3}{16}$ feet and $12_{8}^{1}$ feet. How much more baseboard material does he need to buy?

## Multiplying and Dividing Fractions

Modify the pictures to explain each of the math problems below.

| 390. One half of 4. | 391. One half of one third. | 392. Two thirds of three fourths. | 393. How many times does a half divide into three? | 394. How many times does a quarter divide into a half? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{2} \times 4=$ |  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3}=$ | $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4}=$ |  | $\square$ $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{4}=$ |

395. Challenge \#25: Estimate and then evaluate.

[^0]$$
\frac{10}{6} \times \frac{8}{5}
$$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
396. Challenge \#26: Estimate and then evaluate.

Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.

$$
\frac{4 \times 5}{5 \times 3} \times \frac{3 \times 5}{10 \times 2}
$$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
397. Challenge \#27: Estimate and then evaluate.

Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.

$$
2 \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{8}{3}=
$$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Will the following products and quotients be positive or negative? Do not evaluate.

| 398. $\frac{-2}{3} \times-\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{-6}$ | $\text { 399. }-\frac{5}{7} \times \frac{-1}{-4} \div \frac{-5}{8}$ |  | $\text { 401. } \times{ }_{5}^{\square-2} \times 4^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## You decide.

402. Consider the possible strategies to the right for evaluating $\frac{24}{25} \times \frac{20}{9}$. Read
David's and Bryn's strategies and decide which one you like better.

| "David's strategy" | "Bryn's Strategy" |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{24}{} \times \frac{20}{}$ | $\underline{24} \times \frac{20}{9}$ |
| $25 \quad 9$ | 259 |
| $\rightarrow \frac{480}{225} \rightarrow \frac{5}{5}$ | $\rightarrow{ }^{8} 244 \times 26$ |
| $225 \div 5$ | ${ }_{5} 25^{\times} \times 2$ |
| $\rightarrow>\frac{96}{45} \frac{\div 3}{-3} \rightarrow>\frac{32}{15}$ | $\rightarrow 7^{8 \times 4} 5=\frac{32}{15}$ |
|  | $5 \times 3 \quad 15$ |

Find the product and leave your answer in lowest terms.

| 403. $\times$ <br> Solution \#1. $\frac{10}{6} \times \frac{8}{5}=\frac{80}{30}=\frac{8}{3}$ <br> Solution \#2. $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1 p}{6} \times \frac{8}{5} \rightarrow_{\frac{\rightarrow}{6}}^{2} \times \lambda^{8} \rightarrow \rightarrow \\ & \rightarrow \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{1}=\frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\text { 404. }{ }_{3} \times 6=$ |  | $\text { 406. }-\square^{3} \times-\frac{10}{}=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\text { 407. } \frac{1}{4} \times 9=$ <br> Solution: $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{9}{1}= \\ & \frac{9}{4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 408. }-15 \times 8= \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 409. } 1 \times 16= \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 410. Determine a value for $(m \times n)$, if $m=-\frac{5}{12} \text { and } n=9$ |

Find the product and leave your answer in lowest terms.

|  | $412: 3^{3} 3^{3} \times{ }^{2} \equiv$ 45 4 | 413: $=\frac{\frac{z}{2}}{11} \times-5 \frac{1}{2}=$ |  $\begin{array}{rl} 444 & 4 \frac{4}{3} \times 0.6 \equiv \\ = & \frac{16}{3} \times \frac{6}{10} \\ = & \frac{16}{1} \times \frac{3}{10} \\ = & \frac{8}{1} \times \frac{3}{5} \\ = & \frac{24}{5} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\text { 415. } \frac{30}{12} \times \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{4}{6}=$ | $\text { 418: }=\frac{2}{7} \times \frac{-14}{58} \times \frac{5}{=8} \equiv$ | 417: $\frac{30}{-12} * \frac{6}{55} *=2 \underline{2} \underline{=}$ | $418: \frac{20}{4} * \frac{12}{38} * \frac{9}{\frac{9}{5}} \equiv$ |
| Right or wrong? Fix it. $\begin{aligned} & \text { 419. } 13 \times \frac{10}{} \times-30= \\ & =\frac{-33}{15} \times \frac{10}{55} \times \frac{-30}{1} \\ & =\frac{-3}{15} \times \frac{10}{5} \times \frac{-30}{1} \\ & =\frac{-3}{3} \times \frac{5}{5} \times \frac{-30}{1} \\ & =30 \end{aligned}$ | $\text { 420. } \frac{60}{-40} \times-\frac{12}{72} \times \frac{-36}{-15}=$ | $\text { 421. }-\frac{5}{36} \times \frac{3}{2} \times(-24)=$ | $\text { 422. } \frac{2}{70} \times 14 \times \frac{50}{6}=$ |

## Rational Numbers: Dividing Fractions.

423. Challenge \#28: Is $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$ equivalent to $6 \div 2$ ? Use the drawing below to support your answer.

$$
6 \times \frac{1}{2}
$$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


| $6 \div 2$ |
| :--- |
|       |

424. Challenge \#29: Is $3 \div \frac{1}{2}$ equivalent to $3 \times 2$ ? Use the drawing below to support your answer.

$$
3 \div \frac{1}{2}
$$

$$
3 \times 2
$$



## Observation.

Dividing two fractions is the same as flipping the second fraction and then multiplying. The reciprocal of a rational number is the same as flipping the fraction. For instance the reciprocal of $\frac{7}{3}$ is $\frac{3}{7}$.
425. Create a rule: ${ }^{a}{ }_{b}{ }^{c}{ }^{c}$ is equivalent to $\quad — \times-$

## You decide!

426. Consider the possible strategies to the right for evaluating $\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{2}{3}$. Which strategy do you like the best?

| "David's strategy" | "Bryn's Strategy" |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{5} \div \frac{2}{}$ | $\underline{5} \div 2$ |
| 63 | 63 |
| $\rightarrow \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{2}=\frac{15}{12}=\frac{5}{4}$ | $\rightarrow{ }_{6}^{5} \div \frac{4}{6} \rightarrow \infty \div 4=\frac{5}{4}$ |

Reciprocals.

| 427. Determine the | 428. Determine the | 429. Is the reciprocal | 430. Determine the |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| reciprocal of -2. | reciprocal of $\bar{m}$. | of $1^{2}, 1_{2}^{7} ?$ | reciprocal of $3 \frac{1}{5}$. |
|  | $n$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Find the quotient and leave your answer in lowest terms.

| 431. $\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{8}{8}=$ <br> Solution. $\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{5}{8} \rightarrow \rightarrow$ <br> Multiply the first fraction by the reciprocal of the second. $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{8}{5}=\frac{8}{20}=\frac{2}{5}$ | $\text { 432. } 3 \div \begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}=$ | 433. ${ }_{3}^{2} \div 1_{\text {б }}^{2}=$ | 434. $\div=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\text { 435. }-\frac{8}{40} \times$ | $\text { 436. } \frac{-2}{\frac{3}{3}} \frac{8}{-6}=$ | $437.5^{5} \div \frac{-5}{4}=$ | $\text { 438. }-\frac{30}{50} \div 15=$ |

439. At birth a puppy is ${ }_{3}^{2}$ of a foot from nose to

4 ?
tail. Three years later the same puppy is 3 feet from nose to tail. How many times longer is at after three years of life?
440. Weh Tueold was 180 cm tall when he was a young man. Due to poor posture, he is now ${ }_{5}^{4}$ of his younger height. How tall is he now?

## Order of Operations with Fractions Math 8 Review

441. Challenge \#30: The following formula Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.
converts degrees Celsius to degrees Fahrenheit: $\qquad$
$F={ }_{5}^{2} C+32$. Convert $6 \frac{2}{3}$ degrees Celsius to
degrees Fahrenheit.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
442. Challenge \#31: The following formula converts degrees Fahrenheit to degrees Celsius:

Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.
$C={ }_{9}^{5}(F-32)$. Convert 59 degrees Fahrenheit to degrees Celsius.
$\qquad$
$\square$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Reduce any of the following. Do not evaluate.


What is the first step in each of the following? Do not evaluate.


Evaluate and leave your answer in lowest terms.


In your own words explain step by step how you would do question 452 above. (Scientists have found that students who learn how to explain what they are doing are more successful than those who just memorize the procedures.)

Evaluate and leave your answer in lowest terms.


Simplify. These are tough. You can do it. Use the answer key for hints IF needed.

| 463. $\frac{m n}{\div}=\frac{m n}{n}$ | 464. $\frac{n m}{m n} \div \frac{m n}{n m}=$ | 465. $\frac{m n}{m m} \div \frac{n}{m}=$ | 466. $\frac{m n}{m m} \div \frac{m n n}{n m m}=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Rational numbers and Irrational numbers.

Up to this point we have been studying and working with rational numbers. Each of the following numbers are rational numbers.

| 5 | -2.4 | 2 | 51 | 15 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 9 | 100 | 90 |
| Equivalent forms | Equivalent forms | Equivalent forms | Equivalent forms | Equivalent forms |
| 5 or $5.000 \ldots$ | -2.4 or $-2.4000 \ldots$ | 0.222 | 0.51 or $0.51000 \ldots$ | $0.1666 \ldots$ |

Study the above rational numbers. What makes a number rational?
467. True of false. If a number can be written in fraction form where the numerator and denominator are both integers and the denominator does not equal zero then, it is a rational number.
468. True of false. If a number's decimal stops, (3.4 or -7), then it is a rational number.
469. True of false. If a number's decimal repeats $(0.333 \ldots$ or $-1.0222 \ldots)$, then it is a rational number.

The following numbers are irrational numbers.
$\sqrt{2}=1.4142135623730950488016887242096980785696718753769480731$ 76679....
$\sqrt{3}=1.73205080756887729352744634150587236694280525381038062805580 \ldots$
$\pi=3.1415926535897932384626433832795028841971693993751058209749445923078164$
What makes a number rational?
470. A number is irrational if its decimal never $\qquad$ or never $\qquad$ .
471. Square roots of integers that are not perfect squares are always $\qquad$ numbers.
472. Which of the following numbers are irrational?

$$
0 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2}^{3} \sqrt[5]{5} \sqrt{6} \sqrt{8} \sqrt{2}
$$

Pi: The most famous irrational number.
$\pi=3.1415926535897932384626433832795028841971693993751058209749445923078164$
0628620899862803482534211706798214808651328230664709384460955058223172535940812848111745028410270193
8521105559644622948954930381964428810975665933446128475648233786783165271201909145648566923460348610
4543266482133936072602491412737245870066063155881748815209209628292540917153643678925903600113305305
4882046652138414695194151160943305727036575959195309218611738193261179310511854807446237996274956735
1885752724891227938183011949129833673362440656643086021394946395224737190702179860943702770539217176
2931767523846748184676694051320005681271452635608277857713427577896091736371787214684409012249534301
4654958537105079227968925892354201995611212902196086403441815981362977477130996051870721134999999837
2978049951059731732816096318595024459455346908302642522308253344685035261931188171010003137838752886
5875332083814206171776691473035982534904287554687311595628638823537875937519577818577805321712268066
Pi has been calculated to over 1,241,100,000,000 decimal digits. If the digits above
were continued here, this guidebook would need to be 70 kilometers thick. The
paper required to produce this guidebook would cost more than 6.2 million dollars
plus tax at Office depot in 2009 dollars.
473. True or false. The square root of each number is an irrational number.

| 474. Draw a square with an area <br> of $9 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. What is the length of <br> each side? | 475. Draw a square with an area <br> of $16 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. What is the length <br> of each side? | 476. Draw a square with an area <br> of $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. What is the length <br> of each side? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

477. The area of a square is always a perfect square number. $1,4,9,16 \ldots$ are all perfect square numbers. How can you determine if a number is a perfect square or not?
478. The side length of a square is always the square root of the area of a square. Explain what a square root is.

Determine the area of each square.

| 479. A= <br> Determine the square root of each area. | 480. A= <br> Determine the square root of each area. | 481. $A=$ <br> Determine the square ropt of each area. | 482. $A=$ <br> Determine the square <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Use the squares below to explain the following:

| 483. Show that | 484. Show that $\qquad$ | 485. Show that $\sqrt{\frac{4}{25}}=\frac{2}{5} .$ | 486. Show that $\sqrt{\frac{1}{36}}=\frac{1}{6} .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Use the square below to find each square root.

| 487. Evaluate. $\sqrt{\frac{4}{9}}$ $\begin{aligned} & \therefore \sqrt{\frac{4}{a}}=\frac{2}{3} \\ & \text { or } \frac{\sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{a}}=\frac{2}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 488. Evaluate. $\sqrt{\frac{4}{16}}$ | 489. Evaluate. $\sqrt{\frac{16}{25}}$ | 490.Evaluate. $\sqrt{\frac{25}{36}}$ $\square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

491. List the first 20 non-zero perfect squares.

| 1 | 4 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Determine the square of each number.

| 492. $\frac{7}{10}$ | 493.1 .1 | $494 . \frac{13}{8}$ | 495.1 .5 | $496 . \frac{17}{18}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Determine the value of each square root.

|  | $\text { 498. } \sqrt{0.25}$ | $\text { 499. } \sqrt{0.81}$ | $\text { 500. } \sqrt{1.44}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\sqrt[501 .]{\sqrt{\frac{9}{121}}}$ | $\text { 502. } \sqrt{\frac{49}{36}}$ | $\text { 503. } \sqrt{\frac{1}{400}}$ | 504. $\sqrt{\frac{100}{9}}$ |
| Right or wrong? Fix it. $\text { 505. } \sqrt{\frac{361}{100}}=\frac{18}{10}=\frac{9}{5}$ | Right or wrong? Fix it. $\text { 506. } \sqrt{\frac{289}{100}}=\frac{17}{50}$ | Right or wrong? Fix it. $\text { 507. } \sqrt{2.25}=1.25$ | Right or wrong? Fix it. <br> 508. $\sqrt{2.56}=1.4$ |

Circle the rational numbers that are perfect squares. Show how you know.

517. Match the letters to the square roots below. (It is easiest to start with the number and find the letter.)

|  | N | T |  |  |  |  |  |  | E |  |  | H | E |  | M |  |  | A | T |  | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 1 |  | 2 | 3 |  | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |


518. List the first 20 non-zero perfect squares.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

519. Since the square root of 25 is 5 and the square root of 36 is 6 what do you think the square root of 30 might be?
520. Challenge \#32: Estimate $\sqrt{6.5}$ to 1 decimal.

Write down the steps to complete the challenge to the left.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
521. Challenge \#33: Estimate $\sqrt{0.45}$ to 2

Write down the steps to complete the challenge to the left. decimals.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Name two perfect squares that sandwich each rational number. Use these numbers to help you approximate each square root to 1 decimal place.

| $522.6 .5$ <br> (1) Perfect squares $4,6.5,9$ | 523.20 | 524.60 | 525.88 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 |  |  |  |
| (2) $\sqrt{6.5}$ must be between $2+3$ |  |  |  |
| (3) Since 6.5 is in the madde of 445 , th $\sqrt{65}$ must benear the midlle of $2+3$. |  |  |  |
| (4) $\sqrt{65} \doteq 2.5$ |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 526.0 .45 \\ 0 \text { Perfect squares }: 0.36,0.45,0.41 \end{gathered}$ | 527.1.18 | 528.0.27 | 529.0.62 |
| $S_{\text {quere cats: }} 0.6<\sqrt{\text { Wr }} \times 0.7$ |  |  |  |
| (2) The Avrage $\{0.36 \div 0.49$ is. 0.12 S |  |  |  |
| (3) Since $0.45>0.425$, $\sqrt{0.015}$ must be bigger that 0.65 . |  |  |  |
| (4): $\cdot \sqrt{0.45} \stackrel{\text { a }}{=} 0.67$ is a goud guess |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| 530. Name three integers with | 531. Name three rational | 532. Name a rational number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| square roots that are between | numbers with square roots | with a square root between |
| 5 and 6. | between 2 and 2.5. | 1.25 and 1.4. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

533. Draw a square with an area of $0.64 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. What is the length of each side?
534. Draw a square with an area of $51 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. What is the length of each side to 1 decimal place?
535. Draw a square with an area of $20 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. What is the length of each side to 1 decimal?

## Review Check List

## I don't know how to study for math tests

In general, " $A$ " students are not smarter than "C" students, they just study smarter!

- Make sure you know how to do all the questions on the quizzes and practice tests.
- "A" students ask for more help before tests than "C-" students do!

Studying is about finding out what you don't know and doing something about it.

- Redo every question that is on your tough questions list.

Studying math is not rereading your notes! It is redoing and mastering each type of question prior to the test.

- Go through each page of the guidebook and redo one question from each section.

| Definitions: | Pg \# | Face it <br> $0 \cdot(\cdot)$ <br> * |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Go to page 3 and write down any <br> definitions that you are unsure of. | Define each word and be able to show your <br> understanding with examples. | 3 |  |


| Learning Target | Examples | Pg \# | Face it © $\odot \cdot(\cdot)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Solve a given problem involving operations on rational numbers in fraction form and decimal form | Jayme has been hired to put in all the baseboards in work in a 6 -unit apartment complex. Each unit requires 48.6 meters of baseboards. If each unit is identical, how many meters of baseboards does he need to buy? | 22 |  |
| - Order a given set of rational numbers, in fraction and decimal form, by placing them on a number line (e.g., $0.666 \ldots, . .05,-5 / 8$ ) | Place the following rational numbers on the number line. $\frac{4}{5},-\frac{2}{3},-\frac{81}{10}, 4 \frac{2}{7},-0.7,-8.4,0.85,4.34$ | 29 |  |
| - Identify a rational number that is between two given rational numbers | List three rational numbers between each pair. $\quad-\frac{4}{6}$ and -0.25 | 30 |  |
| - Solve a given problem by applying the order of operations without the use of technology | Evaluate $\underset{2}{\square \mathbf{3}^{2}}+\frac{10}{12}=$ | 42 |  |
| - Identify the error in applying the order of operations in a given incorrect solution | See page 18 and 42. |  |  |
| - Determine whether or not a given rational number is a square number and explain the reasoning | Circle the rational numbers that are perfect squares. Show how you know. 144, 14.4, 1.44. | 46 |  |
| - Determine the square root of a given positive rational number that is a perfect square | Determine the value of each square root. - | 45 |  |
| - Identify the error made in a given calculation of a square root (e.g., Is 3.2 the square root of 6.4?) | Right or wrong? Fix it. _- | 45 |  |
| - Determine a positive rational number given the square root of that positive rational number | Determine the square of each number. 7/10, 1.1,... | 46 |  |
| - Estimate the square root of a given rational number that is not a perfect square, using the roots of perfect squares as benchmarks | Estimate $\sqrt{0.45}$ to 2 decimals. | 47 |  |
| - Identify a number with a square root that is between two given numbers | Name three integers with square roots are between 5 and 6. | 47 |  |

*Face it. When you have mastered the content draw a ©OR if you are unsure, draw a ask for help.
$\qquad$ /26

## Practice Test

- Write this test and do not look at the answers until you have completed the entire test.
- Mark the test and decide whether or not you are happy with the result. FACE IT!
- Successful students will go back in the guidebook and review any questions they got wrong on this test.

Correct any errors in the following written expansions.

| 1. 536.01 | Five hundred and thirty-six and one hundreds. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. 56000.4 | Fifty six thousand and four tenths. |



| 15. List 3 rational numbers between $-2_{8}^{7}$ and -2.7. | 16. Jayda is sitting in her tree fort $2_{5}^{4}$ meters above the ground. Billinter is sitting in his tree fort $3_{3}^{1} \mathrm{~m}$ above the ground. How much higher in the air is Billinter? | 17. The following formula converts degrees Fahrenheit to degrees <br> Celsius: $C=\frac{5}{9}(F-32)$. <br> Convert 59 degrees Fahrenheit to degrees Celsius. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18. Evaluate $-3 \times \frac{-25}{27} \times \frac{21}{-35}$ | Correct the error. <br> 19. The reciprocal of $1 \frac{11}{12}$ is $1 \frac{12}{11}$ | 20. Evaluate. $2^{3} \div \frac{7}{7}$ |
| 21. How much bigger is one and one third all squared than twelve twentieths? | $\text { 22. Evaluate } \sqrt{\frac{121}{256}}$ | Right or wrong? Fix it. <br> 23. $\sqrt{2.25}=1.25$ |

24. Name three integers with square roots that are between 7 and 8.
25. Name a rational number with a square root between 1.11 and 1.22.
26. Draw a square with an area of $20 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. What is the length of each side to 1 decimal?

This test must be marked and corrected prior to the test day
Answer Key

1. All the numbers that be placed on a number line.
2. Numbers that can be written as a fraction where both the numbers are integers and the denominator is not zero.
3. Positive and negative whole numbers and zero.
4. Positive numbers without decimals and zero.
5. Positive numbers without decimals not including zero.
6. Numbers where the decimals do not repeat or stop.

For each of the numbers below check all the boxes that describe the number:

|  |  | 8 | $!100$ | 4.31 | $2 / 3$ | 0 | $!$ | -1.7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 13. False | 14. True | 15. True | 16. False | 17. False |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 18. True | 19. Irrational $\pi, \sqrt{ } 2$ <br> Natural: 12 <br> Whole: Nat \& 0 <br> Integers: Whole \& -5 <br> Rational: Int \& $\frac{1}{2} \& 1.8$ <br> Real: Rat 7 Irrat.. | 20. Convenience, <br> security, record <br> keeping | 21. Thirty-seven | 22. Better accuracy. <br> Less chance that <br> someone could <br> add an extra zero <br> and make <br> $\$ 109 \rightarrow \rightarrow \$ 1090$. |


| 23. Thirty-seven |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 24. Four hundred five thousand |  |
| 25. | Six and three hundredths |
| 26. | ifty-six thousand eight hundred and twelve thousandths |
| 27. | Four hundred thirty-six (remove the and) |
| 28. Thirty-seven thousand two (The hyphen is needed) |  |
| 29. | Five hundred thousand eleven (correct) |
| 30. | Six hundred ten million five (remove the and) |
| 31. Two thousand four hundred fifty-three |  |
| 32. Fifty-one and nine hundredths (add the th in hundreds) |  |
| 33. Two hundred seventy-one (remove the "and" and add a hyphen) |  |
| 34. Seventeen thousand three hundred (the hyphen is not needed) |  |
| 35. Nine hundred thousand seven hundred four |  |
| 36. Eighty million six thousand one |  |
| 37. Seventy-two billion |  |


| 38. Sixteen and one hundred two thousandths |
| :--- |
| 39. Fifty-nine thousandths |
| 40. One and twenty-two ten thousandths |
| 41. Five hundred and five thousandths |


| 42.5 .2 | 43.5 .25 | 44.5 .250 | 45.2 .5 | 46.7 .4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 47.2 .1 | 48.8 .06 | 49.2 .30 | 50.3 .0 | 51.4 .96 |
| 52.2 .8 | 53.8 .4 | 54.0 .5 | 55.3 .0 | 56.0 .96 |
| 57.7 | $58 .-3$ | 59.7 | $60 .-3$ | $61 .-7$ |
| $62.2-(-5) \& 2+(+5)$ | $63.2+(-5) \&-5+2$ | $64 .-2+(-5) \&-5-2$ |  |  |
| 65.13 | 66.5 | $67 .-5$ | $68 .-5$ | $69 .-13$ |


| 70. -3 | 71. -25 | 72. 19 | 73. -9 | 74. -24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 75. -2 | 76. -19 | 77. 27 | 78. 6 | 79. 2 |
| 80. -23 | 81. -2 | 82. +2 | 83. -1 | 84. -53 |
| 85. -6 | 86. 12 | 87. -9 | 88. 18 | 89. 1 |
| 90. -19 | 91. 1 | 92. -4 | 93. -13 | 94. incorrect: -3 |
| 95. correct: 11 | 96. incorrect $\rightarrow \rightarrow-27$ | 97. Perfect squares $\rightarrow \rightarrow 1,4,9,16,25,36,49,64,81,100,121,144$ |  |  |
| 98. 10 | 99. -10 | 100. -10 | 101. 10 | 102. -14 |
| 103. 24 | 104. -24 | 105. 55 | 106. -46 | 107. -11 |
| 108. -1 | 109. -11 | 110. -5 | 111. 45 | 112. -25 |
| 113. -36 | 114. -60 | 115. 1 | 116. -1 | 117. 1 |
| 118. -1 | 119. 1 | 120. -1 | 121. Y | 122. N |
| 123. Y | 124. Y | 125. N | 126. T | 127. T |
| 128. T | 129. F-2+1=-1 | 130. F -2+(-3)=-5 | 131. T | 132. F -2-(-5)=3 |
| 133. F 100+(-101)=-1 |  | 134. Negative | 135. Positive | 136. Negative |
| 137. Positive | 138. Positive | 139. Negative | 140.6 | 141. 10 |
| 142. -12 | 143. -6 | 144. 10 | 145.4 | 146. -8 |
| 147. 10 | 148. -20 | 149. Brackets, exponents, division, multiplication, addition \& subtraction. | 150. -7 | 151. 93 |
| 152. Bemdas | Bemdsa, Bedmsa | 153. -7 | 154. 93 | 155. 14 |
| 156. 13 | 157. 30 | 158. 8 | 159.34 | 160.17 |
| 161. 12 | 162. 40 | 163. -6 | 164. -5 | 165. 22 |
| 166. 4 | 167. -34 | 168. -27 | 169.8 | 170. 81 |
| 171. 9,-9,-9,9 $-3^{2}$ means $-(3 \times 3)=-9$. It is easily confused with $(-3)^{2}=(-3 x-3)^{2}=9$ |  |  |  |  |
| 172. 9 | 173.9 | 174. -1 | 175.1 | 176.1 |
| 177.1 | 178. -1 | 179.1 | 180. -4 | 181.16 |
| 182. -2 | 183. -3 | 184. -3 | 185. -17 | 186.7 |
| 187. 2 |  | 188. 13 | 189.8 | 190. -5 |
| 191. -12 | 192. 5 | 193.13 | 194. 5 | 195.0 |
| 196. 47 | 197. -398 | 198. 5 | 199. incorrect $\rightarrow \rightarrow$-78 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 200. Incorrect } \rightarrow \rightarrow- \\ & 75 \end{aligned}$ |
| 201. +1 | 202.75 .45 | 203.79.43 | 204.15.912 | 205.38 .4 |
|  | 206.75 .45 | 207.79 .43 | 208.6.35 | 209.162.23 |
| 210. 20.98 | 211. 137.63 | 212. 156.39 | $\begin{aligned} & 213 . \\ & \text { Incorrect } \rightarrow \rightarrow 1.45 \end{aligned}$ | 214. 121.98 |
| 215. 144.20 | 216. 133.91 | 217. 15.912 | 218. 2901.36 | 219. 4820.148 |
| 220.5623.2876 | 221. 104.04 | 222.-95.34 | 223.861 .98 | 224.-32.48 |
| 225.39 | 226.240 .8 | 227.3.4 | 228.-66.8 | 229. Negative |
| 230. positive | 231. 38.4 | 232.8.1 | 233.55.6 | 234. incorrect $\rightarrow \rightarrow 25.5$ |
| 235.291.6m | $\begin{aligned} & 236 . \\ & 78.81 \rightarrow \rightarrow 79 \text { boards } \end{aligned}$ | 237.0.7 | 238.F | 239.A |
| $\begin{aligned} & 240 . \\ & \mathrm{B} \end{aligned}$ | 241. D | 242.E | 243.k- - - | 244.H |
| 245.L | 246.J | 247.N | $\text { 248. } \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2^{\prime} 4^{\prime} 8 \end{aligned}$ | 249.2/5 |


| 250. | 251. | 252. | 253. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $257 .-3 / 5$ |  | $254.3 / 5$ | $255.2 / 5$ | $256.3 / 10$ |
| $262.7 / 4$ | $258.31 / 6$ | $259.55 / 9$ | $260 .-91 / 24$ | $261 .-6 / 25$ |


| $267.2 \frac{1}{4}$ | $268 .-17 / 5$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $269.21 / 4$ | $270.34 / 5$ | $271 .-32 / 7$ | 272.8 .5 or $81 / 2$ |
| $273 .-57 / 10$ | $274 .-43 / 7$ | $275.91 / 5$ | $276 .-34 / 11$ |  |
| $277 .-17 / 5$ | $278 .-6 / 5$ | $279.13 / 3$ | $280 .-17 / 6$ | $281.16 / 7$ |
| $282.9 / 8$ | $283 .-22 / 5$ | $284.4 / 3$ | $285.0 .19,0.7, .2$, <br> $0.35,0.12$ | 286.0 .125 |
|  | 287.0 .60 | 288.1 .17 | 289.0 .88 | 290.1 .80 |
| 291.0 .22 | 292.0 .25 | 293.0 .63 | 294.2 .25 | 295.2 .75 |
| 296.0 .78 | 297.0 .80 | 298.0 .80 | 299.0 .60 | 300.0 .24 |
| 301.0 .14 | 302.0 .60 | 303. Repeating <br> decimal. | $304.0 .111 . . . \&$ <br> $0.1212 \ldots$ |  |
| $309.13 / 20$ | $305.1 / 2$ | $306.3 / 5$ | $307.23 / 100$ | $308.1 / 4$ |
| $314.65 / 99$ | $310.5 / 9$ | $311.7 / 9$ | $312.23 / 99$ | $313.25 / 99$ |
| $319.12 / 25$ | $320.2 / 9$ | $316.1 / 3$ | $317.1 / 4$ | $318.29 / 99$ |
| $324.5 / 11$ |  | 321. incorrect $\rightarrow \rightarrow 1 / 8$ | $322.4 / 33$ | 323. <br> incorrect $\rightarrow \rightarrow 9 / 20$ |


| 325. ASTONISH |  | 327. Answers will vary. $-0.65,-0.4,-0.26$ | 328. -4\&1/2 | 329.8.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 330.-18.2 | 331. 3/9 | 332.-4.8 | 333.-9.3 | 334.-19 |
| 335.3/9 | 336.-8/25 | 337.5.33333... | 338.-0.33 | 339.-1.45555... |
| 340. $\underset{-\frac{25}{-}}{\frac{1}{99}} \underset{4}{-0.24,0.1}$ | 341. $-\frac{87}{-8}{ }_{10}^{-8},-\frac{2}{3} 5.5,2$ | $\text { 342. } 2 \frac{1}{3}, 2 \frac{5}{9}, 2 \frac{9}{14}, 2 \frac{5}{7}$ | 343.ELATIONS | 344.TRUE |
| 345.-8 | 346.-7/11 | 347.2.777... | 348. T | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 349. F ( } 10+5=15 \text { ) AND } \\ & (-10+5=-5) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { 350. F (10>8) BUT } \\ (-10<-8) \end{gathered}$ | 351. $-\mathrm{A}<-\mathrm{B}$ | 352. Answers will vary. $-0.65,-0.4,-0.26$ | 353. Answers will vary. $-\frac{5}{16},-\frac{4}{16},-\frac{3}{16},-\frac{2}{16}$ | 354.2 15/16 too big, Any number between $2.7 \& 2.875$ |
| 355.9/32 | 356.3/16 | 357.11/32 | 358.5/6 | 359.5/6 |
| 360.1/6 | 361.4/5 |  |  |  |
| 362.11/10 | 363.41/10 | 364.4/5 | 365.-2/5 | 366.-7/5 |
| 367.1/5 | 368.11/10 | 369.-11/20 | 370.-7/12 | 371. $-1 / 15$ |


| $372 . a, b, d$ | $373 . a c d$ \&be | 374. NO | 375. Personal preference. Wonda is more <br> efficient. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $376.9 / 10$ | $377.7 / 10$ | $378.1 / 2$ | 379. Common <br> denominators |  |
| $384.41 / 10$ | $380 .-23 / 10$ | $381.51 / 10$ or 5.1 | $382.9 / 4$ | $383 .-17 / 4$ |
| $389.4 \& 13 / 16$ | $385 .-79 / 20$ or - <br> 3.95 | $386.5 / 12$ | 387. incorrect $\rightarrow \rightarrow-$ <br> $37 / 5$ | 388.1 \&2/15 m |
| $391.1 / 6$ | $392.1 / 2$ | 393.6 | 394.2 | 390.2 |


| 396.1 | 397.6 | 398.neg | 399.Positive | 400.neg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 401. neg | 402. |  | 403.8/3 | 404.1/2 |
| 405.4/5 | 406. $2 / 5$ | 407.9/4 | 408. -24 | 409.4 |
| 410. -15/4 | 411.6 | 412. 3/2 | 413. 1 | 414. incorrect $16 / 5$ or 3.2 |
| 415.2 | 416. $-1 / 15$ | 417.6 | 418. 1 | 419. Incorrect $\rightarrow \rightarrow 12$ |
| 420.3/5 | 421.5 | 422.10/3 |  |  |
|  |  | 423.yes | 424.yes | $\text { 425. }{ }_{\text {b. }}^{\text {a. }} \times \frac{d}{c}$ |
| 426. Personal preference | 427.-7/2 | 428.n/m | 429.no | 430.5/16 |


|  |  |  | 431. $2 / 5$ | 432.9/10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 433.1/2 | 434.4/5 | 435.-6 | 436.8/9 | 437.-10 |
| 438.-1/25 | 439.7 | 440.144 cm | 441.44 | 442.15 |
| 443.false | 444. true | 445. $\frac{1}{15}+\frac{5}{1}+\frac{7}{3}$ | $\text { 446. } 2+\frac{5}{3}+\frac{2}{3}$ | 447. Multiply |
| 448. Subtract | 449. Exponents | 450. Mixed number to improper fraction. | 451. Flip and multiply | 452. -6/7 |
| 453.-11/2 | 454.1/10 | 455. negative | 456. incorrect $\rightarrow \rightarrow 37 / 12$ | 457.-17/9 |
| 458.1/36 | 459. Positive | 460. $-4 / 5$ or $4 / 5$ | 461. 53/45 | 462. Jovan makes $\$ 312.50$ more than Matty. |
| 463. $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{m}$ | 464.1 | 465.1 | 466.1 | 467. $\dagger$, |
| 468. $\dagger$ | $469 . \dagger$ | 470.stops, repeats | 471. irrational | 472. $2, \sqrt{3}, \sqrt{5}, 6,7, \sqrt{8}$ |
| 473.F (i.e. ${ }^{9}=3$ ) | 474.3 | 475.4 | 476.5 | 477. The product of two equal numbers. |
| 478. The quotient of a number and itself. | 479.9,3 | 480.16,4 | 481. 25,5 | 482.36,6 |
| 483. | 484. | 485. | 486. | 487.2/3 |
| 488.1/2 | 489.4/5 | 490.5/6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 491. 1,4,9,16,25,36,49,64,81,100,121,144,169, } \\ & 196,225,256,289,324,361,400 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 492.49/100 | 493.1.21 | 494.169/64 | 495.2 .25 | 496.289/324 |
| 497.0.3 | 498.0.5 | 499.0 .9 | 500.1.2 | 501. 3/11 |
| 502.7/6 | 503.1/20 | 504.10/3 | 505.19/10 | 506.17/10 |
| 507.1.5 | 508.1.6 | 509.144,1.44 | 510. 0.81 | 511. 100 |
| 512. 0.25, 0.49 | 513. 400/9 | 514. 4/121 | 515.1.69 | 516. 0.0001 |
| 517. Enchantment | 518. See \#491 | 519. 5.3-5.5 aprox | 520.2.4-2.6 aprox | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 521. } 0.65-0.67 \\ & \text { aprox } \end{aligned}$ |
| 522.2.4-2.6 aprox | 523.4.4-4.6 aprox | 524.7.6-7.8 aprox | 525.9.3-9.5 aprox | $\begin{gathered} \text { 526.0.66-0.68 } \\ \text { aprox } \end{gathered}$ |
| 527.1.07-1.09 aprox | 528.0.51-0.53 aprox | $\begin{gathered} \text { 529.0.77-0.79 } \\ \text { aprox } \end{gathered}$ | 530.26-35 aprox | 531. 4.1-6.2 aprox |
| 532.1.57-1.95 aprox | 533.0 .8 | 534.7.1 aprox | 535.4.5 aprox |  |

## Answers to practice test.

DO NOT LOOK AT THE ANSWERS UNTIL YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE TEST!

| 1. Five hundred thirty-six and one hundredth |  | 2. Fifty-six thousand and four tenths |  | 3. Rational and real |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. 7.4 | 5. $-3+(-7) \&-7-3$ | 6. $\mathrm{F}(-1)(-1)(-1)=-1$ | 7. $\mathrm{F}(-500+499=-1$ | 8. 2 |
| 9. 47 | 10. 378.1 | 11. $-6 / 25$ | 12. 0.43 | 13. $-\frac{87}{10},-8{ }_{3}^{2}-8.5,2$ |


| 14. $\mathrm{F}(-10-4=-14 \&$ <br> $10-4=6)$ | 15. Answers will vary: <br> $-2.8,-2.75,-2.74$ | 16. $1 \& 2 / 15 \mathrm{~m}$ higher | $17.15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $18 .-5 / 3$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 19.$12 / 23$ is the <br> reciprocal of <br> $1 \& 11 / 12$ $220.26 / 7$ | $21.53 / 45$ | $22.11 / 16$ | 23.1 .5 |  |
| 24. Answers will vary: <br> $50,60,63$ | 25. Answer will vary: <br> $1.3(1.24-1.48)$ | 26. Answers will vary: <br> $4.5(4.6$ is too big $)$ |  |  |

## Your test must be marked prior to the test.


[^0]:    Write down the steps to evaluate the challenge to the left.

